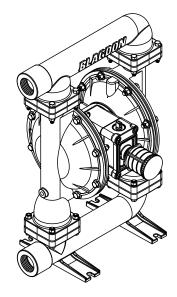
# **DATA SHEET, SERVICE & OPERATING MANUAL**

# **B50**

# **Air Operated Double Diaphragm Pump**

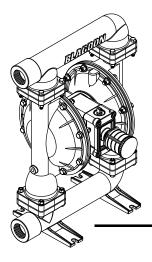
# **Aluminium, Cast Iron & Stainless Steel Series**



#### **Table of Contents**

Performance Curve	1
Dimensions	1
Engineering Data and Temperature Limitations	2
Explanation of Pump Nomenclature	2
Principle of Pump Operation	3
Installation Guide	3
Troubleshooting	4
Warranty	4
Recycling	4
Important Safety Information	4
Material Codes	5
Composite Repair Parts Drawing	6
Available Service and Conversion Kits	6
Composite Repair Parts List	6
Air Distribution Valve Assembly Drawing and Parts List	7
Air Distribution Valve Servicing	7
Pilot Valve Assembly Drawing and Parts List	
Pilot Valve Servicing	8
Diaphragm Service Drawing, with Overlay	9
Diaphragm Service Drawing, Non-Overlay	9
Diaphragm Servicing	9
Overlay Diaphragm Servicing	9
Check Valve Servicing	10
Check Valve Drawing	10
Pumping Hazardous Liquids	10
Converting Pump for Piping Exhaust Air	10
Converted Exhaust Illustration	10

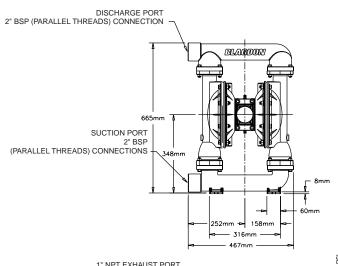
## **DATA SHEET, SERVICE & OPERATING MANUAL**

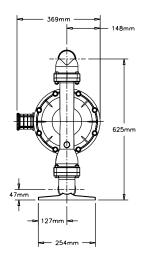


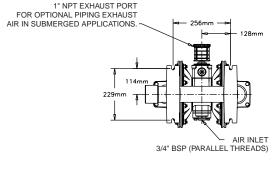
# **B50**

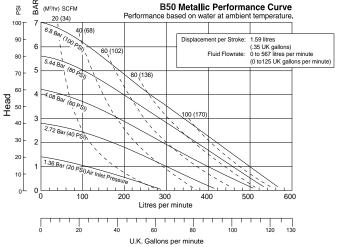
# Air Operated Double Diaphragm Pump

# Aluminium, Cast Iron & Stainless Steel Series









Fluid Flowrate

#### **IMPORTANT**

This pump should be used in accordance with the requirements of the Health and Safety at Work Act 1974.

All business conducted subject to Blagdon Pump. Terms and Conditions of Sale available on request.

#### BLAGDON PUMP

A Unit of IDEX Corporation

Lambert Road, Armstrong, Washington, Tyne & Wear NE37 1QP ENGLAND Tel: (0191) 4177475 Fax: (0191) 4175435 e-mail: sales@blagdonpump.com

www.blagdonpump.com

#### DISTRIBUTOR

#### INTAKE/DISCHARGE PIPE SIZE

2" BSP Parallel (internal)

#### CAPACITY

0 to 125 UK gallons per minute (0 to 567 litres per minute)

#### AIR VALVE

No-lube, no-stall design

#### **SOLIDS-HANDLING**

Up to .25 in. (6mm)

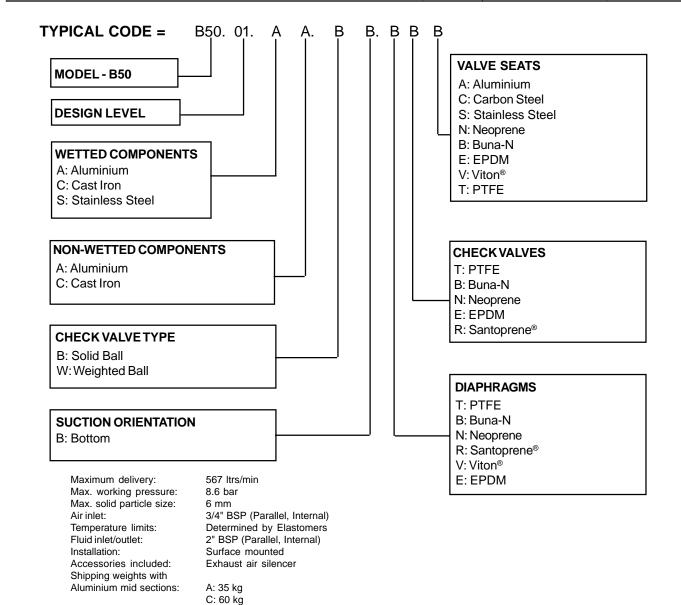
#### HEADS UP TO

125 psi or 289 ft. of water (8.6 Kg/cm² or 86 meters)

#### DISPLACEMENT/STROKE .35 UK Gallons / 1.59 litres

▲ CAUTION! Operating temperature limitations are as follows:

Materials	Maximum*	Operating Temperatures Minimum*	Optimum**
<b>Buna</b> General purpose, oil-resistant. Shows good solvent, oil, water and hydraulic fluid resistance. Should not be used with highly polar solvents like acetone and MEK, ozone, chlorinated hydrocarbons and nitro hyrdrocarbons.	190°F	-10°F	50° to 140°F
	88°C	-23°C	10° to 60°C
<b>EPDM</b> Shows very good water and chemical resistance. Has poor resistance to oil and solvents, but is fair in ketones and alcohols.	212°F	-10°F	50° to 212°F
	100°C	-23°C	10° to 100°C
<b>Neoprene</b> All purpose. Resistant to vegetable oil. Generally not affected by moderate chemicals, fats, greases and many oils and solvents. Generally attacked by strong oxidizing acids, ketones, esters, nitro hydrocarbons and chlorinated aromatic hydrocarbons.	170°F	-10°F	50° to 130°F
	77°C	-23°C	10° to 54°C
<b>Santoprene®</b> Injection molded thermoplastic elastomer with no fabric layer. Long mechanical flex life. Excellent abrasion resistance.	212°F	-10°F	50° to 212°F
	100°C	-23°C	10° to 100°C
<b>Virgin PTFE</b> Chemically inert, virtually impervious. Very few chemicals are known to react chemically with PTFE: molten alkali metals, turbulent liquid or gaseous fluorine and a few fluoro-chemicals such as chlorine trifluoride or oxygen difluoride which readily liberate free fluorine at elevated temperatures.	212°F	-35°F	50° to 212°F
	100°C	-37°C	10° to 100°C
<b>Viton</b> * Shows good resistance to a wide range of oils and solvents; especially all aliphatic, aromatic and halogenated hydrocarbons, acids, animal and vegetable oils. Hot water or hot aqueous solutions (over 70°F) will attack Viton*.	212°F	+32°F	75° to 212°F
	100°C	0°C	24° to 100°C
Polypropylene	150°F 65°C	-40°F -40°C	



Shipping Dimensions:

S: 54 kg

560 x 430 x 690 mm

#### PRINCIPLE OF PUMP OPERATION

This ball type check valve pump is powered by compressed air and is a 1:1 ratio design. The inner side of one diaphragm chamber is alternately pressurised while simultaneously exhausting the other inner chamber. This causes the diaphragms, which are connected by a common rod secured by plates to the centres of the diaphragms, to move in a reciprocating action. (As one diaphragm performs the discharge stroke the other diaphragm is pulled to perform the suction stroke in the opposite chamber.) Air pressure is applied over the entire inner surface of the diaphragm while liquid is discharged from the opposite side of the diaphragm. The diaphragm operates in a balanced condition during the discharge stroke which allows the pump to be operated at discharge heads over 200 feet (61 metres) of water.

For maximum diaphragm life, keep the pump as close to the liquid being pumped as possible. Positive suction head in excess of 10 feet of liquid (3.048 metres) may require a back pressure regulating device to maximize diaphragm life.

Alternate pressurising and exhausting of the diaphragm chamber is performed by an externally mounted, pilot operated, four way spool type air distribution valve. When the spool shifts to one end of the valve body, inlet pressure is applied to one diaphragm chamber and the

other diaphragm chamber exhausts. When the spool shifts to the opposite end of the valve body, the pressure to the chambers is reversed. The air distribution valve spool is moved by a internal pilot valve which alternately pressurises one end of the air distribution valve spool while exhausting the other end. The pilot valve is shifted at each end of the diaphragm stroke when a actuator plunger is contacted by the diaphragm plate. This actuator plunger then pushes the end of the pilot valve spool into position to activate the air distribution valve.

The chambers are connected with manifolds with a suction and discharge check valve for each chamber, maintaining flow in one direction through the pump.

#### **INSTALLATION AND START-UP**

Locate the pump as close to the product being pumped as possible. Keep the suction line length and number of fittings to a minimum. Do not reduce the suction line diameter.

For installations of rigid piping, short sections of flexible hose should be installed between the pump and the piping. The flexible hose reduces vibration and strain to the pumping system. A Blagdon PD50M pulsation dampener is recommended to further reduce pulsation in flow.

#### **AIR SUPPLY**

Air supply pressure cannot exceed 125 psi (8.6 bar). Connect the pump air inlet to an air supply of

sufficient capacity and pressure required for desired performance. When the air supply line is solid piping, use a short length of flexible hose not less than 1/2" (13mm) in diameter between the pump and the piping to reduce strain to the piping. The weight of the air supply line, regulators and filters must be supported by some means other than the air inlet cap. Failure to provide support for the piping may result in damage to the pump. A pressure regulating valve should be installed to insure air supply pressure does not exceed recommended limits.

#### AIR VALVE LUBRICATION

The air distribution valve and the pilot valve are designed to operate WITHOUT lubrication. This is the preferred mode of operation. There may be instances of personal preference or poor quality air supplies when lubrication of the compressed air supply is required. The pump air system will operate with properly lubricated compressed air supply. Proper lubrication requires the use of an air line lubricator (available from Blagdon) set to deliver one drop of SAE 10 non-detergent oil for every 20 SCFM (9.4 liters/sec.) of air the pump consumes at the point of operation. Consult the pump's published Performance Curve to determine this.

#### **AIR LINE MOISTURE**

Water in the compressed air supply can create problems such as icing or freezing of the exhaust air, causing the pump to cycle erratically or stop operating. Water in the air supply can be reduced by using a point-of-use air dryer to supplement the user's air drying equipment. This device removes water from the compressed air supply and alleviates the icing or freezing problems.

#### AIR INLET AND PRIMING

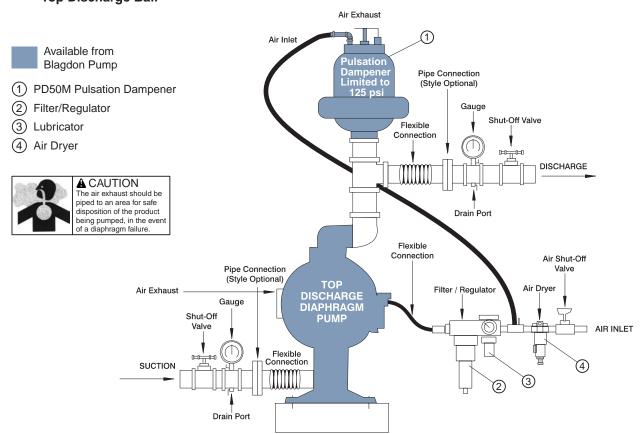
To start the pump, open the air valve approximately ½ to ¾ turn. After the pump primes, the air valve can be opened to increase air flow as desired. If opening the valve increases cycling rate, but does not increase the rate of flow, cavitation has occurred. The valve should be closed slightly to obtain the most efficient air flow to pump flow ratio.

#### **BETWEEN USES**

When the pump is used for materials that tend to settle out or solidify when not in motion, the pump should be flushed after each use to prevent damage. (Product remaining in the pump between uses could dry out or settle out. This could cause problems with the diaphragms and check valves at restart.) In freezing temperatures the pump must be completely drained between uses in all cases.

#### **INSTALLATION GUIDE**

**Top Discharge Ball** 



#### TROUBLESHOOTING

#### Possible Symptoms:

unsatisfactory

- · Pump will not cycle.
- Pump cycles, but produces no flow.
   Pump cycles, but flow rate is
- Pump cycle seems unbalanced.
- Pump cycle seems to produce excessive vibration.

What to Check: Excessive suction lift in system.

Corrective Action: For lifts exceeding 20 feet (6 meters), filling the pumping chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.

What to Check: Excessive flooded suction in system.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> For flooded conditions exceeding 10 feet (3 meters) of liquid, install a back pressure device.

**What to Check:** System head exceeds air supply pressure.

Corrective Action: Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Most diaphragm pumps are designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow.

What to Check: Air supply pressure or volume exceeds system head.
Corrective Action: Decrease inlet air

Corrective Action: Decrease inlet air pressure and volume to the pump as calculated on the published PERFOR-MANCE CURVE. Pump is cavitating the fluid by fast cycling.

What to Check: Undersized suction line. Corrective Action: Meet or exceed pump connection recommendations shown on the DIMENSIONAL DRAWING

What to Check: Restricted or undersized air line.

Corrective Action: Install a larger air line and connection. Refer to air inlet recommendations shown in your pump's SERVICE MANUAL.

What to Check: Check ESADS, the Externally Serviceable Air Distribution System of the pump.

Corrective Action: Disassemble and inspect the main air distribution valve, pilot valve and pilot valve actuators. Refer to the parts drawing and air valve section of the SERVICE MANUAL. Check for clogged discharge or closed valve before reassembly.

What to Check: Rigid pipe connections to pump.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Install flexible connectors and a Blagdon PD50M surge suppressor.

What to Check: Blocked air exhaust muffler.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Remove muffler screen, clean or de-ice and reinstall. Refer to the Air Exhaust section of your pump SERVICE MANUAL.

What to Check: Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler

Corrective Action: Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly. Refer to the Diaphragm Replacement section of your pump SERVICE MANUAL.

What to Check: Suction side air leakage or air in product.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Visually inspect all suction side gaskets and pipe connections

What to Check: Obstructed check valve. Corrective Action: Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket. Refer to the Check Valve section of the pump SERVICE MANUAL for disassembly instructions.

What to Check: Worn or misaligned check valve or check valve seat.
Corrective Action: Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper seating. Replace if necessary. Refer to Check Valve section of the pump SERVICE MANUAL for disassembly instructions.

What to Check: Blocked suction line. Corrective Action: Remove or flush obstruction. Check and clear all suction screens and strainers

What to Check: Blocked discharge line. Corrective Action: Check for obstruction or closed discharge line valves.

What to Check: Blocked pumping

Corrective Action: Disassemble and inspect the wetted chambers of the pump. Remove or flush any obstructions. Refer to the pump SERVICE MANUAL for disassembly instructions.

What to Check: Entrained air or vapor lock in one or both pumping chambers. Corrective Action: Purge chambers through tapped chamber vent plugs. PURGING THE CHAMBERS OF AIR CAN BE DANGEROUS! Contact the Blagdon Technical Services Department before performing this procedure. Any model with top-ported discharge will reduce or eliminate problems with entrained air.

If your pump continues to perform below your expectations, contact your local Blagdon Distributor or factory Technical Services Group for a service evaluation



#### WARNING!

Read these safety warnings and instructions in this manual COMPLETELY, before installation and start-up of the pump. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.



#### WARNING!

Before doing any maintenance on the pump, be certain all pressure is completely vented from the pump, suction, discharge, piping, and all other openings and connections. Be certain the air supply is locked out or made non-operational, so that it cannot be started while work is being done on the pump. Be certain that approved eye protection and protective clothing are worn all times in the vicinity of the pump. Failure to follow these recommendations may result in serious injury or death.



#### **CAUTION!**

Before pump operation, inspect all gasketed fasteners for looseness caused by gasket creep. Re-torque loose fasteners to prevent leakage. Follow recommended torques stated in this manual.



#### **WARNING!**

Before maintenance or repair, shut off the compressed air line, bleed the pressure, and disconnect the air line from the pump. The discharge line may be pressurised and must be bled of its pressure.



#### WARNING!

Take action to prevent static sparking. Fire or explosion can result, especially when handling flammable liquids. The pump, piping, valves, containers or other miscellaneous equipment must be grounded.



#### IMPORTANT!

This pump is pressurised internally with air pressure during operation. Always make certain that all bolting is in good condition and that all of the correct bolting is reinstalled during assembly.



#### **WARNING!**

Airborne particles and loud noise hazards. Wear ear and eye protection.



#### **WARNING!**

When used for toxic or aggressive fluids, the pump should always be flushed clean prior to disassembly.



#### WARNING!

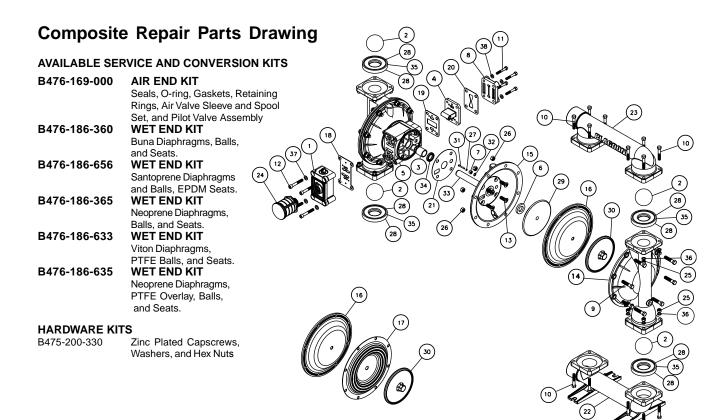
In the event of diaphragm rupture, pumped material may enter the air end of the pump, and be discharged into the atmosphere. If pumping a product which is hazardous or toxic, the air exhaust must be piped to an appropriate area for safe disposition.

#### RECYCLING

Many components of Blagdon Metallic AODD pumps are made of recyclable materials (see chart on page 9 for material specifications). We encourage pump users to recycle worn out parts and pumps whenever possible, after any hazardous pumped fluids are thoroughly flushed.

#### **MATERIAL CODES**

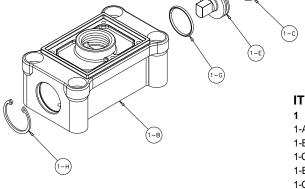
WAI LRIAL CODES						
The Last 3 Digits of Part Number	332 Aluminium, Electroless Nickel Plated	552 Unfilled Polypropylene				
000 Assembly, sub-assembly;	333 Carbon Steel, Electroless	553 Unfilled Polypropylene				
and some purchased items	Nickel Plated	555 Polyvinyl Chloride				
010 Cast Iron	335 Galvanized Steel	556 Black Vinyl				
012 Powered Metal	336 Zinc Plated Yellow Brass	570 Rulon II				
015 Ductile Iron	337 Silver Plated Steel	580 Ryton				
020 Ferritic Malleable Iron	340 Nickel Plated	590 Valox				
025 Music Wire	342 Filled Nylon	591 Nylatron G-S				
080 Carbon Steel, AISI B-1112	353 Geolast; Color: Black	592 Nylatron NSB				
100 Alloy 20	354 Injection Molded #203-40 Santoprene- Duro 40D +/-5;	600 PTFE (virgin material)				
110 Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel	Color: RED	Tetrafluorocarbon (TFE)				
111 Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel	355 Thermal Plastic	601 PTFE (Bronze and moly filled)				
(Electro Polished)	356 Hytrel	602 Filled PTFE				
112 Alloy "C" (Hastelloy equivalent)	357 Injection Molded Polyurethane	603 Blue Gylon				
113 Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel	358 (Urethane Rubber) (Compression Mold)	604 PTFE				
(Hand Polished)	359 Urethane Rubber	607 Envelon				
114 303 Stainless Steel	360 Buna-N Rubber. Color coded: RED	606 PTFE				
115 302/304 Stainless Steel	361 Buna-N	610 PTFE Encapsulated Silicon				
117 440-C Stainless Steel (Martensitic)	363 Viton (Flurorel). Color coded: YELLOW	611 PTFE Encapsulated Viton				
120 416 Stainless Steel	364 E.P.D.M. Rubber. Color coded: BLUE	632 Neoprene/Hytrel				
(Wrought Martensitic)	365 Neoprene Rubber.	633 Viton/PTFE				
123 410 Stainless Steel (Wrought Martensitic)	Color coded: GREEN	634 EPDM/PTFE				
148 Hardcoat Anodized Aluminium	366 Food Grade Nitrile	635 Neoprene/PTFE				
149 2024-T4 Aluminium	368 Food Grade EPDM	637 PTFE, Viton/PTFE				
150 6061-T6 Aluminium	370 Butyl Rubber. Color coded: BROWN	638 PTFE, Hytrel/PTFE				
151 6063-T6 Aluminium	371 Philthane (Tuftane)	639 Buna-N/TFE				
152 2024-T4 Aluminium (2023-T351)	374 Carboxylated Nitrile	643 Santoprene®/EPDM				
154 Almag 35 Aluminium	375 Fluorinated Nitrile	644 Santoprene®/PTFE				
155 356-T6 Aluminium	378 High Density Polypropylene	656 Santoprene Diaphragm and				
156 356-T6 Aluminium	405 Cellulose Fibre	Check Balls/EPDM Seats				
157 Die Cast Aluminium Alloy #380	408 Cork and Neoprene					
158 Aluminium Alloy SR-319	425 Compressed Fibre					
159 Anodized Aluminium	426 Blue Gard	Delrin, Viton and Hytrel are				
162 Brass, Yellow, Screw Machine Stock	440 Vegetable Fibre	registered tradenames of E.I. DuPont.				
165 Cast Bronze, 85-5-5-5	465 Fibre	Gylon is a registered tradename of Garlock, Inc.				
166 Bronze, SAE 660	500 Delrin 500					
170 Bronze, Bearing Type,	501 Delrin 570	Nylatron is a registered tradename of				
Oil Impregnated	502 Conductive Acetal, ESD-800	Polymer Corp.				
175 Die Cast Zinc	503 Conductive Acetal, Glass-Filled	Santoprene is a registered tradename of Monsanto Corp.				
180 Copper Alloy	505 Acrylic Resin Plastic	Rulon II is a registered tradename of				
305 Carbon Steel, Gray Epoxy Coated	506 Delrin 150					
306 Carbon Steel, Black PTFE Coated	520 Injection Molded PVDF Natural color	Dixion Industries Corp.				
307 Aluminium, Gray Epoxy Coated	540 Nylon	Hastelloy-C is a registered tradename of Cabot Corp.				
308 Stainless Steel, Black PTFE Coated	541 Nylon	Ryton is a registered tradename of				
309 Aluminium, Black PTFE Coated	542 Nylon	Phillips Chemical Co.				
310 Kynar Coated	544 Nylon Injection Molded	•				
330 Zinc Plated Steel	550 Polyethylene	Valox is a registered tradename of				
331 Chrome Plated Steel	551 Glass Filled Polypropylene	General Electric Co.				



Composite Repair Parts List (i)							
ITEM 1	<b>PART NO.</b> B031-141-000	<b>DESCRIPTION</b> Air Valve Assembly	<b>QTY</b>	<b>ITEM</b> 20	<b>PART NO.</b> B360-104-360	<b>DESCRIPTION</b> Gasket, Air Inlet	QTY 1
2	B050-017-354	Ball, Check	4	21	B360-105-360	Gasket, Inner Chamber	2
	B050-017-360	Ball, Check	4	22	B518-153-010E	Manifold, Suction 2" BSP (Parallel)	1
	B050-017-360W	Ball, Check(Weighted)	4		B518-153-110E	Manifold, Suction 2" BSP (Parallel)	1
	B050-017-363	Ball, Check	4		B518-153-156E	Manifold, Suction 2" BSP (Parallel)	1
	B050-017-363W	Ball, Check(Weighted)	4	23	B518-154-010E	Manifold, Discharge 2" BSP (Parallel)	1
	B050-017-364	Ball, Check	4		B518-154-110E	Manifold, Discharge 2" BSP (Parallel)	1
	B050-017-364W	Ball, Check(Weighted)	4		B518-154-156E	Manifold, Discharge 2" BSP (Parallel)	1
	B050-017-365	Ball, Check	4	24	B530-010-000	Silencer	1
	B050-017-365W	Ball, Check(Weighted)	4	25	B545-005-330	Nut, Hex 3/8-16	16
	B050-017-600	Ball, Check	4	26	B545-007-330	Nut, Hex 7/16-14	16
3	B070-006-170	Bushing	2	27	B560-001-360	O-Ring	2
4	B095-096-000	Pilot Valve Assembly	1	28	B560-106-360	Seal (O-Ring) (see item 34)	8
5	B114-024-157	Intermediate, Bracket	1		B560-106-363	Seal (O-Ring) (see item 34)	8
	B114-024-010	Intermediate, Bracket	1		B560-106-364	Seal (O-Ring) (see item 34)	8
6	B132-035-360	Bumper, Diaphragm	2		B560-106-365	Seal (O-Ring) (see item 34)	8
7	B135-034-506	Bushing, Plunger	2		B720-060-600	Seal (see item 34)	8
8	B165-116-157E	Cap, Air Inlet Assembly	1	29	B612-192-157	Plate, Inner Diaphragm	2
	B165-116-010E	Cap, Air Inlet Assembly	1		B612-192-010	Plate, Inner Diaphragm	2
9	B170-060-330	Capscrew, Hex Hd 7/16-14 X 2.00`	16	30	B612-194-010	Plate, Outer Diaphragm	2
10	B170-052-330	Capscrew, Hex Hd 3/8-16 X 2.25	16		B612-194-110	Plate, Outer Diaphragm	2
11	B170-085-330	Capscrew, Hex Hd 5/16-18 X 2.00	4		B612-194-156	Plate, Outer Diaphragm	2
12	B171-053-330	Capscrew, Soc Hd 3/8-16 X 2.50	4	31	B620-020-115	Plunger, Actuator	2
13	B171-059-330	Capscrew, Soc Hd 7/16-14 X 1.25	8	32	B675-042-115	Ring, Retaining	2
14	B196-167-156	Chamber, Outer	2	33	B685-058-120	Rod, Diaphragm	1
	B196-167-010	Chamber, Outer	2	34	B720-004-360	Seal, Diaphragm Rod	2
	B196-167-110	Chamber, Outer	2	35	B722-040-360	Seat, Check Ball	4
15	B196-168-156	Chamber, Inner	2		B722-040-363	Seat, Check Ball	4
	B196-168-010	Chamber, Inner	2		B722-040-364	Seat, Check Ball	4
16	B286-102-360	Diaphragm	2		B722-040-365	Seat, Check Ball	4
	B286-102-363	Diaphragm	2		B722-040-600	Seat, Check Ball	4
	B286-102-364	Diaphragm	2		B722-040-080	Seat, Check Ball (seals required see item 27)	4
	B286-102-365	Diaphragm	2		B722-040-110	Seat, Check Ball (seals required see item 27)	4
17	B286-102-604	Diaphragm, Overlay	2		B722-040-150	Seat, Check Ball (seals required see item 27)	4
18	B360-093-360	Gasket, Air Valve	1	36	B900-005-330	Washer, Lock	16
19	B360-103-360	Gasket, Pilot Valve	1	37	B901-038-330	5/16 Flat Washer	4
E00.040	000 41-0	d Davida Dianterana Proma 40/04		38	B901-048-330	3/8 Flat Washer	4

# Air Valve Assembly Drawing, Parts List

1-ŀ



AIR VALVE ASSEMBLY PAR	TS LIST
------------------------	---------

ГЕМ	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
	B031-141-000	Air Valve Assembly	1
A	B031-139-000	Sleeve and Spool Set	1
В	B095-094-551	Body, Air Valve	1
С	B132-029-552	Bumper	2
·Ε	B165-115-552	Cap, End	2
G	B560-020-360	O-Ring	8
Н	B675-044-115	Ring, Retaining	2

### AIR DISTRIBUTION VALVE SERVICING

To service the air valve first shut off the compressed air, bleed pressure from the pump, and disconnect the air supply line from the pump.

**STEP #1:** See COMPOSITE REPAIR PARTS DRAWING.

Using a 5/16" Allen wrench, remove the four hex socket capscrews (item 12) and four flat washers (item 37). Remove the air valve assembly from the pump.

Remove and inspect gasket (item 18) for cracks or damage. Replace gasket if needed.

**STEP #2:** Disassembly of the air valve.

To access the internal air valve components first remove the two retaining rings (item 1-H) from each end of the air valve assembly using clip ring pliers.

Next remove the two end caps (item 1-E). Inspect the o-rings (item 1-G) for cuts or wear. Replace the o-rings if necessary.

Remove the two bumpers (items 1-C). Inspect for cuts, wear, or abrasion. Replace bumpers if necessary.

Remove the spool (part of item 1-A) from the sleeve. Be careful not to scratch or damage the outer diameter of the spool. Wipe spool with a soft cloth and inspect for scratches or wear.

Inspect the inner diameter of the sleeve (part of item 1-A) for dirt, scratches, or other contaminants. Remove the sleeve if needed and replace with a new sleeve and spool set (item 1-A).

**STEP #3:** Reassembly of the air valve.

Install one bumper (item 1-C) one end cap (item 1-E) with an o-ring (item 1-G) into one end of the air valve body (item 1-B). Install one retaining ring (item 1-H) into the groove on the same end.

Remove the new sleeve an spool set (item 1-A) from the plastic bag. Carefully remove the spool from the sleeve. Install the six o-rings (item 1-G) into the six grooves on the sleeve. Apply a light coating of grease to the o-rings before installing the sleeve into the valve body (item 1-B), align the slots in the sleeve with the slots in the valve body. Insert the spool into the sleeve. Be careful not to scratch or

damage the spool during installation. Push the spool in until it touches the bumper on the opposite end.

Install the remaining bumper, end cap with o-ring, and retaining ring.

Fasten the air valve assembly (item 1) and gasket (item 18) to the pump.

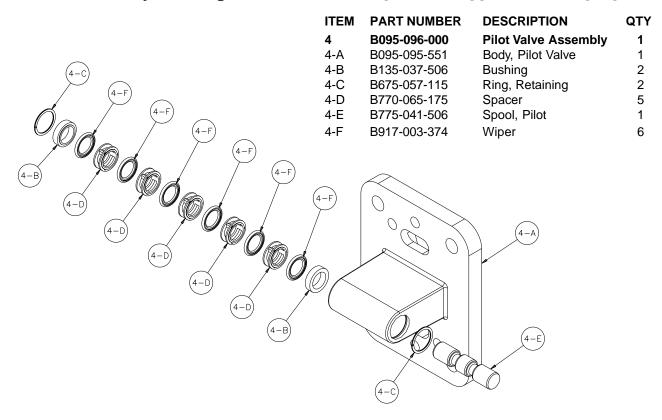
Connect the compressed air line to the pump. The pump is now ready for operation.



Read these instructions completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.

#### **Pilot Valve Assembly Drawing**

#### PILOT VALVE ASSEMBLY PARTS LIST



#### PILOT VALVE SERVICING

To service the pilot valve first shut off the compressed air supply, bleed the pressure from the pump, and disconnect the air supply line from the pump.

**Step #1:** See PUMP ASSEMBLY DRAWING.

Using a ½" wrench or socket, remove the four capscrews (items 11) and four flat washers (items 38). Remove the air inlet cap (item 8) and air inlet gasket (item 20). The pilot valve assembly (item 4) can now be removed for inspection or service.

**Step #2:** Disassembly of the pilot valve.

Remove the pilot valve spool (item 4-E). Wipe clean, and inspect for dirt, scratches or wear. Replace the spool if necessary.

Remove the two retaining rings (items 4-C) from each end of the pilot valve body.

Remove the two pilot valve bushings (items 4-B), five spacers (items 4-D), and six spool wipers (items 4-F) by pushing gently from other end of the pilot valve body. Inspect the wipers for cuts and/or wear. Replace any wipers as necessary.

**Step #3:** Re-assembly of the pilot valve.

First install a retaining ring to one end of the pilot valve. Install one bushing making sure the step side faces toward the wiper. Apply a light coating of grease to the outside diameter of each wiper. Next, gently push in the wipers and spacers until they are against the installed retaining ring and bushing in the opposite end of the pilot valve body. Install the remaining bushing making sure the step side faces the wiper. Install the remaining retaining ring.

Apply a light coating of grease to the inner diameter of each wiper. Also apply a light coating of grease to the outer diameter of the pilot valve spool and gently push the spool through each wiper.

**Step #4:** Inspect the actuator plungers.

olungers. See ILLUSTRATION AT RIGHT.

The actuator plungers (items 31) can be reached through the pilot valve cavity in the intermediate assembly (item 5).

Remove the plungers (item 30) from the bushings (item 7) in each end of the cavity. Inspect the installed o-ring (items 27) for cuts and/or wear.

Replace the o-rings if necessary. Apply a light coating of grease to each o-ring and re-install the plungers in to the bushings. Push the plungers in as far as they will go.

To remove the bushings (item 7), first remove the retaining rings (item 32) by using a flat screwdriver. NOTE: It is recommended that new retaining rings be installed.

**Step #5:** Re-install the pilot valve assembly into the intermediate assembly.

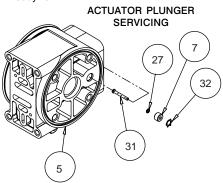
Be careful to align the ends of the stem between the plungers when inserting the stem of the pilot valve into the cavity of the intermediate.

Re-install the gasket (item 20), air inlet cap (item 8), capscrews and washers (items 11 and 38).

Connect the air supply to the pump. The pump is now ready for operation.

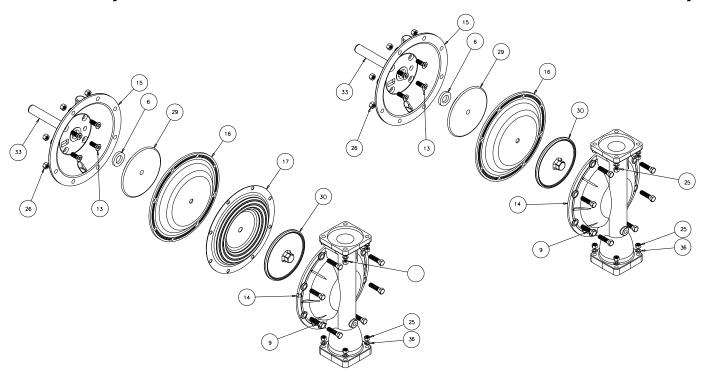


Read these instructions completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.



# Diaphragm Service Drawing, with Overlay

#### Diaphragm Service Drawing, Non-Overlay



#### **DIAPHRAGM SERVICING**

To service the diaphragms first shut off the suction, then shut off the discharge lines to the pump. Shut off the compressed air supply, bleed the pressure from the pump, and disconnect the air supply line from the pump. Drain any remaining liquid from the pump.

**Step #1:** See the pump assembly drawing, and the diaphragm servicing illustration.

Using a  $^{11}/_{16}$ " and a  $^{5}/_{8}$ " wrench or socket, remove the 16 capscrews (item 10), hex nuts and lockwashers that fasten the manifolds (items 22 & 23) to the outer chambers (items 14).

**Step #2:** Removing the outer chambers.

Using a <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" wrench or socket, remove the 16 capscrews (items 9), and hex nuts that fasten the outer chambers, diaphragms, and inner chambers (items 15) together.

**Step #3:** Removing the diaphragm assemblies.

Use a 11/16" (27mm) wrench or six pointed socket to remove the diaphragm assemblies (outer plate, diaphragm, and inner plate) from the diaphragm rod (item 33) by turning anti-clockwise.

Insert a 1/4-20 capscrew or set screw into the smaller tapped hole in the inner diaphragm plate (item 29). Insert the protruding stud and the 1/4-20 fastener loosely into a vice. Use a 1½ wrench or socket to remove the outer diaphragm plate (item 30) by turning anti-clockwise. Inspect the diaphragm (item 17) for cuts, punctures, abrasive wear or chemical attack. Replace the diaphragms if necessary.

**Step #4:** Installing the diaphragms.

Push the threaded stud of the outer diaphragm plate through the centre hole of the diaphragm. Thread the inner plate clockwise onto the stud. Insert the loose assembly with the above 1/4-20 fastener back into the vice. Use a torque wrench to tighten the diaphragm assembly together to 50 ft. Ibs. (67.79 Newton metres). Allow a minimum of 15 minutes to elapse after torquing, then re-torque the assembly to compensate for stress relaxation in the clamped assembly.

**Step #5:** Installing the diaphragm assemblies to the pump.

Make sure the bumper (item 6) is installed over the diaphragm rod.
Thread the stud of the one

diaphragm assembly clockwise into the tapped hole at the end of the diaphragm rod (item 33) until the inner diaphragm plate is flush to the end of the rod. Insert rod into pump.

Align the bolt holes in the diaphragm with the bolt pattern in the inner chamber (item 15).

Fasten the outer chamber (item 14) to the pump, using the capscrews (items 9), and hex nuts.

On the opposite side of the pump, pull the diaphragm rod out as far as possible. Make sure the bumper (item 6) is installed over the diaphragm rod.

Thread the stud of the remaining diaphragm assembly clockwise into the tapped hole at the end of the diaphragm rod (item 33) as far as possible and still allow for alignment of the bolt holes in the diaphragm with the bolt pattern in the inner chamber (item 15).

Fasten the remaining outer chamber (item 14) to the pump, using the capscrews (items 9), and hex nuts.

**Step #6:** Re-install the manifolds to the pump, using the capscrews (items 10), hex nuts, and lockwashers.

The pump is now ready to be reinstalled, connected and returned to operation.

# OVERLAY DIAPHRAGM SERVICING

The overlay diaphragm (item 17) is designed to fit over the exterior of the standard TPE diaphragm (item 16).

The molded directional arrows on the overlay diaphragm must point vertically.

Follow the same procedures described for the standard diaphragm for removal and installation.

#### **CHECK VALVE SERVICING**

Before servicing the check valve components, first shut off the suction line and then the discharge line to the pump. Next, shut off the compressed air supply, bleed air pressure from the pump, and disconnect the air supply line from the pump. Drain any remaining fluid from the pump. The pump can now be removed for service.

To access the check valve components, remove the manifold (item 23 or item 22 not shown). Use a  $^{5}/_{8}$ " &  $^{11}/_{16}$ " wrench or socket to remove the fasteners. Once the manifold is removed, the check valve components can be seen.

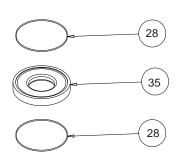
Inspect the check balls (items 2) for wear, abrasion, or cuts on the spherical surface. The check valve seats (item 35) should be inspected for cuts, abrasive wear, or embedded material on the surfaces of both the external and internal chambers. The spherical surface of the check balls must seat flush to the surface of the check valve seats for the pump to operate to peak efficiency. Replace any worn or damaged parts as necessary.

Reassemble the check valve components. The seat should fit into the counter bore of the outer chamber.

The pump can now be reassembled, reconnected and returned to operation.

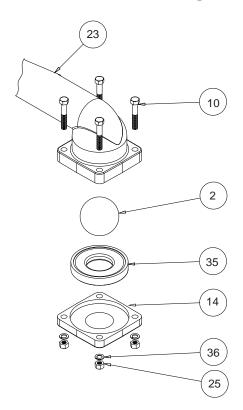
#### **METALLIC SEATS**

Two o-rings (or seals) (item 28) are required for metallic seats.



with Metallic Seats

#### **Check Valve Drawing**



with Non-Metallic Seats

## PUMPING HAZARDOUS LIQUIDS

When a diaphragm fails, the pumped liquid or fumes enter the air end of the pump. Fumes are exhausted into the surrounding environment. When pumping hazardous or toxic materials, the exhaust air must be piped to an appropriate area for safe disposal. See illustration #1 at right.

This pump can be submerged if the pump materials of construction are compatible with the liquid being pumped. The air exhaust must be piped above the liquid level. See illustration #2 at right. Piping used for the air exhaust must not be smaller than 1" (2.54 cm) diameter. Reducing the pipe size will restrict air flow and reduce pump performance. When the pumped product source is at a higher level than the pump (flooded suction condition), pipe the exhaust higher than the product source to prevent siphoning spills. See illustration #3 at right.

#### IMPORTANT INSTALLATION

**NOTE:** The manufacturer recommends installing a flexible hose or connection between the pump and any rigid plumbing. This reduces stresses on the molded plastic threads of the air exhaust port. Failure to do so may result in damage to the air distribution valve body.

Any piping or hose connected to the pump's air exhaust port must be physically supported. Failure to support these connections could also result in damage to the air distribution valve body.

#### **CONVERTED EXHAUST ILLUSTRATION**

